

Kits Magic Pie III & Smart Pie Assembly guide

Version 5 \sim 22/11/2012



Do not waste paper

Only •	print the essential pages of this document. Print on both sides Print several pages on the same sheet of paper	
		Thank you

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Table of contents

1 Avant de commencer	4 4 4 5
2 Ouverture du colis	
3 Installation du moteur	7
4 Installation du poste de pilotage	10
4.1 Démontage du poste de pilotage d'origine	
4.2 Installation du nouveau poste de pilotage	
4.2.1 Exemple d'aménagement avec un accélérateur à la poignée :	
4.2.2 (Recommandé) Exemple d'aménagement avec un accélérateur au pouce :	
5 Installation de la batterie	
6 Mise en place et fixation de la câblerie	
7 Schéma de raccordement des accessoires et de la batterie	13
7.2 Les accessoires optionnels :	13
7.2.2 L'éclairage	
7.2.3 Le pedelec	
7.2.4 La marche arrière	
7.4 Réglage du frein V-Brake	
7.4 Regiage du Heili V-Brake	
8 Utilisation du vélo électrique	
8.1 Recommandation importante d'utilisation du kit :	
8.2 Entretien du kit	
8.3 Entretien et utilisation de la batterie	
8.4 IMPORTANT : ce qu'il ne faut surtout pas faire !	
9 Analyse des pannes (gardez cette page avec le vélo)	
9.1 Les différents cas de panne	
9.1.1 Le vélo ne démarre pas :	18
9.1.2 Autres dysfonctionnements	18

1 Before getting started

1.1 Recommendation

The Goldenmotor kits have been checked and packaged in our workshop in order to make the assembly easier and more reliable.

We recommend to follow the assembly steps.

It is important to check that all accessories are properly fixed to the bike, that the electric connections are fixed and protected from the rain and water spatters and finally and most important : that **the wheel is securely screwed to the fork of your bike**.

Cycloboost is not responsible for a bad assembly or a bad use of our kits. The guarantee does not cover an abnormal or non-conform use of our products.

Please consult the general sales condition on our website www.cycloboost.com/conditions-generales-de-ventes/

The Magic Pie and Smart Pie kits are reserved for **a use on private roads**. The purchase of these items and their use are under your responsibility.

Please read carefully the recommendations of Chapter 9: Use of the electric bike.

1.2 Support technique

Malgré tous les efforts apportés à la rédaction de cette documentation, il se peut que certains points techniques restent dans l'ombre. Cycloboost reste à votre disposition pour éclaircir ces points et vous accompagner si vous le souhaitez :

Vous pouvez nous contacter par mail à cette adresse : support@cycloboost.com

1.3 Technical support

In spite of all our efforts, there may still be some technical information difficult to understand. Cycloboost is at your disposal to make it clearer and to guide you if you need it :

You can contact us @ support@cycloboost.com

1.4 How to report an anomaly

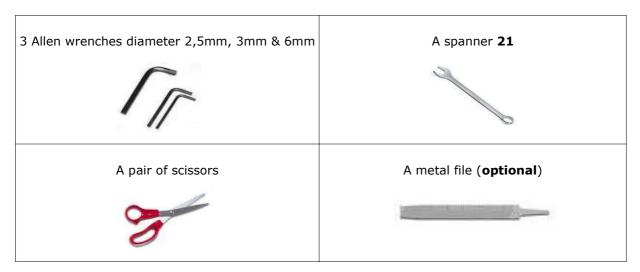
Before reporting to the after-sales service, please check the wiring as well as the charging state of the battery.

If the anomaly remains, send an e-mail to the after-sales service @ support@cycloboost.com with the following information :

- Your name
- · Your invoice number
- The serial number of your motor, controller of battery
- The precise description of the failure: how it happened (while cycling, at a standstill, at the start, while charging the battery, while braking, while speeding up ...)
- The tests or handlings you made

1.5 Checklist of the tools necessary for the assembly of your kit

In order to assemble your kit, you need to have the following tools. You can get them in any bicycle or DIY shop.



1.6 Pre-requisite and duration of the assembly of your kit

The assembly of a Goldenmotor kit prepared by Cycloboost is simple. You just need to know how to use the tools mentioned above.

The « **technical part** » of the assembly is the one where you have to adjust, if need be, the V-brake in order to brake safely.

		Difficulty (1)	Duration
1	Setting up the motorized wheel	CEEE	30mn
2	Setting up the controls panel	CCCGG	60mn
3	Setting up and wiring the battery	CCCC	45mn
4	Checking the transmission (rear wheel)		20mn

(1) Here is our scale:



If you have any **difficulty on the mechanical part**, do not hesitate to get in touch with a professional (bicycle shop or big brand, Cycloboost partners – the list is available here http://www.cycloboost.com/revendeur-velo-electrique/) or consult the website http://velo-reparation.fr/.)

2 Opening the parcel

After opening the parcel, you will find the kit's following components:

The Magic Pie motor in a wheel:

The Smart Pie motor in a wheel:



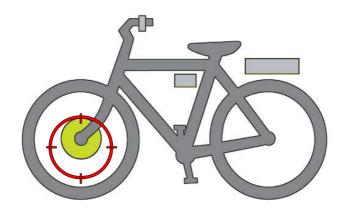


The accessories *:

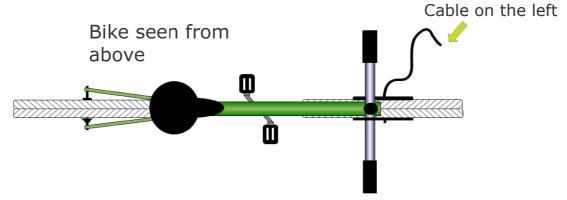


st Non-contractual pictures , setup according to the choice of the user

3 Setting-up the motor



3.1 Setting up a front wheel



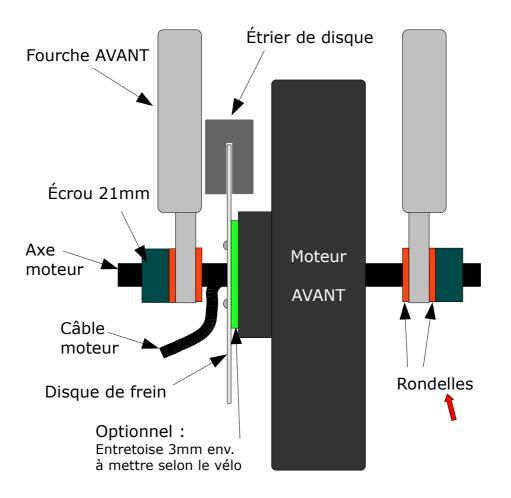


Figure 01

Put some protective cover on the ground and turn the bike upside down to make the job easier.

Put the axis of the wheel in the fork ends. You can spread (without risk) the fork of **2** or **3mm** to fit the motor more easily.

If the axis of the motor does not fit in the fork, you can slightly file the axis on the planes.

Before screwing your wheel, make sure the wheel is centered in the fork ends. Then make sure the torque washers are set in the fork ends (see the red arrows \implies figure 01).

It may be useful to move the washers to get the best centering.

Screw your wheel **only with a spanner 21**: during the tightening, tighten little by little on both sides of the motor in turns to prevent the motor from moving in the fork ends.

Important: A badly screwed wheel can break your fork and cause a wrenching of the power cable. Cycloboost is not responsible for a bad assembly, carefully check your assembly and tightening.

We recommend the use of **Torque arms** (http://www.cycloboost.com/torque-arm-renfort-fourche-velo-electrique.html) to strenghten the forks.

3.2 Setting up a REAR wheel

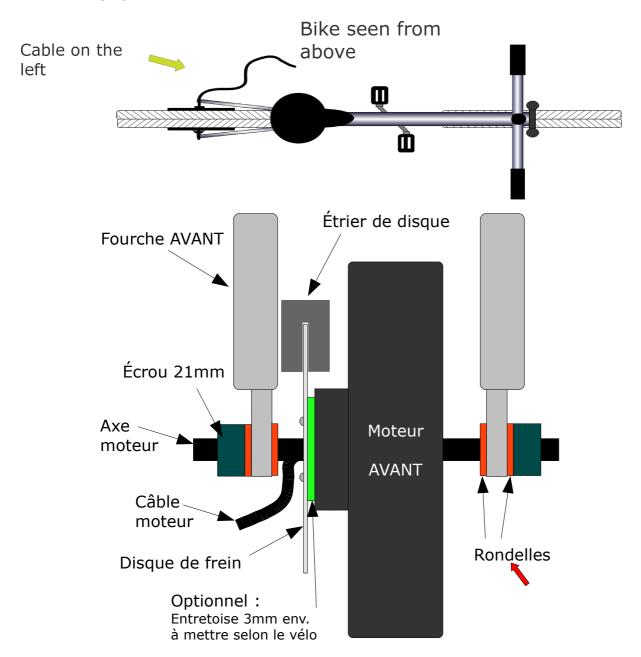


Figure 02

Put some protective cover on the ground and turn the bike upside down to make the job easier.

Put the axis of the wheel in the frame ends. You can spread the seat stay of 2 or 3mm to fit the motor more easily.

If the axis of the motor does not fit in the frame ends, you can slightly file the axis on the planes.

Before screwing the wheel, make sure the wheel is centered. Then make sure the torque washers fit in the frame ends (see the red arrows **Figure 02**).

It may be useful to move the washers to get the best centering.

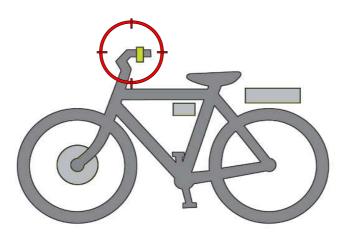
Screw your wheel **only with a spanner 21**: during the tightening, tighten little by little on both sides of the motor in turns to prevent the motor from moving in the frame ends.

Do not forget to position the chain before screwing your wheel.

Note: If you had more than 6 speeds, you will have to change the shift lever (advised) or adjust the transmission.

In the second case, you need to adjust the derailer's limit stops in order to keep the 6 speeds of the Magic Pie/Smart Pie's freewheel: consult the website http://velo-reparation.fr/entretien/derailleur indexe reglage.php

4 Setting up the controls panel



4.1 Disassembly of the original controls panel

Remove the rubber grips, the original brake levers and the front and back derailer's levers with an **Allen wrench**:





Align the 2 alloy screws to remove the cable

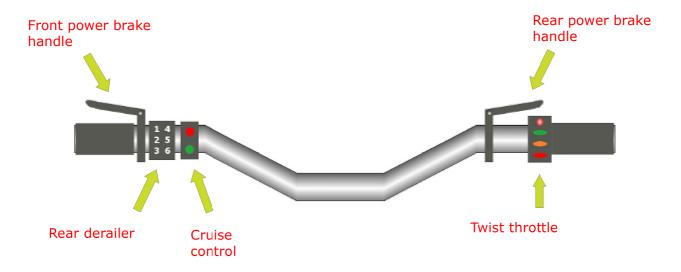


Remove the cable from its compartment

4.2 Setting up the new controls panel

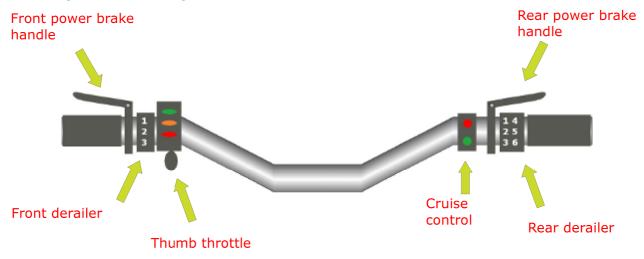
<u>Important</u>: If you set up <u>a twist throttle</u>, you may not be able to use the gear lever AND the twist throttle with only one hand.

4.2.1 Example of set-up with a twist throttle:



The front derailer's controls has been removed in this example.

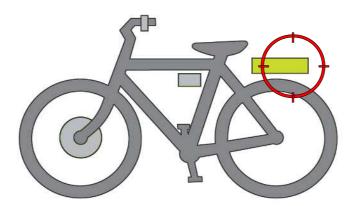
4.2.2 (Recommended) Example of set-up with a thumb throttle:



After setting up the different controls, tighten them with the proper Allen wrenches and put the **cables** of the V-brakes in the new brake levers.

Note: The power brake handles are not compulsory for a proper functionning of the kit. It is just an extra security.

5 Setting up the new battery

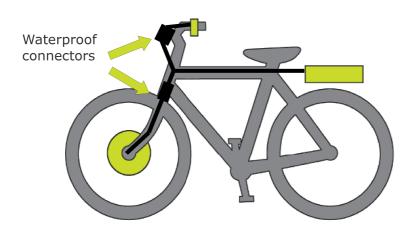


The battery can be fixed on a rack at the back (**alloy battery**), on the frame (**cylindrical battery**), in a bag, a backpack or a top-case (**PVC battery**).

Whatever your choice, **the battery must be protected from bumps** and must be solidly attached to your bike.

At this point, **the battery must simply be fixed to the bike**, it has not been wired to the controller yet. We will describe (chapter 8) how to make the power cable and connect the battery to the controller.

6 Setting up the wiring



Put the cables (represented by **black** lines) along the frame and make sure there is enough 'excess' so you can **turn the handlebar without pulling on the connectors**.

Then fix the cables with the plastic clamps.

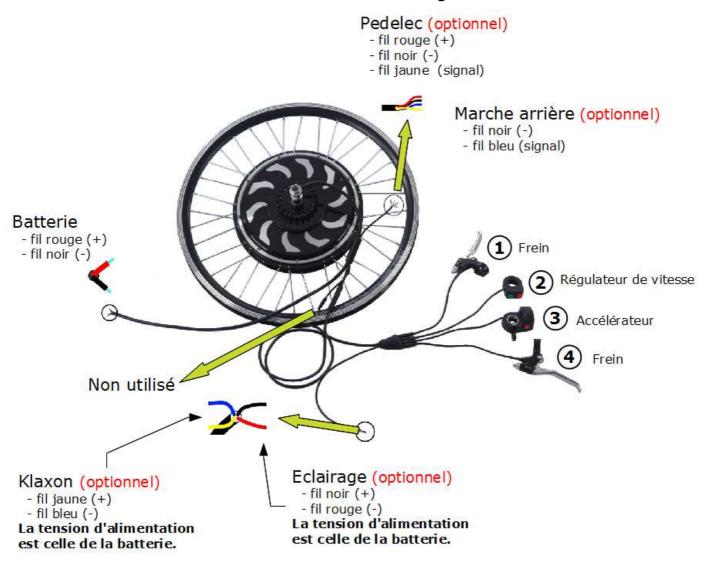
You can also think about Lineatube air tube for electric bikes.



Be careful: to avoid any short circuit, do not connect the power cable on the battery. We will describe (chapter 8) how to make a power cable and how to connect the battery to the controller.

7 Wiring drawing of the accessories and the battery

7.1 Detail and functions of the connectors and the wiring



7.2 The optional accessories :

7.2.1 The horn

There are 2 possible solutions:

- You connect a horn which can accept the tension of the battery: 36V or 48V.
- If you can to install a horn 12V, you will first have to connect a tension converter from 36V/48V to 12V: http://www.cycloboost.com/convertisseur-de-tension-36v-72vdc-vers-12vdc.html

7.2.2 The lights

You can set up a Led light compatible with the tension of your battery, that is to say 36v or 48v.

- FRONT light: http://www.cycloboost.com/eclairage-avant-led-1701.html
- **REAR light**: http://www.cycloboost.com/eclairage-arriere-led.html

7.2.3 The pedelec

The Pedelec is available here:

http://www.cycloboost.com/pedelec-detecteur-de-pedalage.html

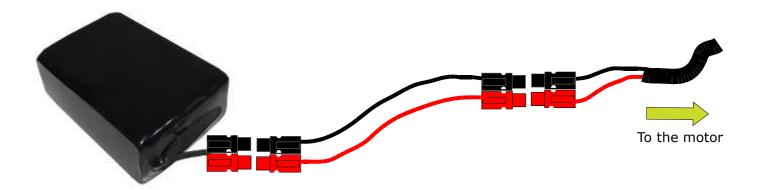
7.2.4 Reverse

For vehicles other than bikes (tricycles ...) which need a reverse, you can set up a switch directly on the **black** and **blue** threads.

7.3 Connection of the battery and creation of a power cable

Make sure the power cable between controller and battery is long enough for you to be able to remove the battery easily.

Here is the example of a heat-shrink battery pack.

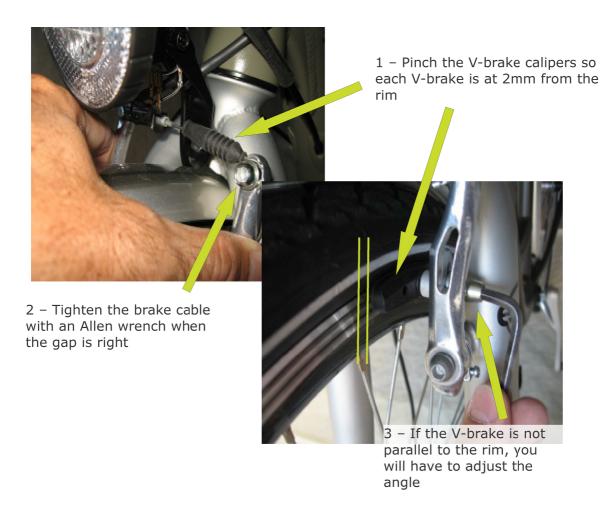


Be careful about the polarity.

Nota: the assembly guide of the Anderson connectors is downloadable on our website: www.cycloboost.com/installation-kit-pour-velo-electrique/

7.4 Adjusting the V-Brake

This step is very important because braking is essential on a bike. You should not meet any problem if the wheel is properly centered.



If you meet any problems at this point, do not hesitate to contact a professional (bicycle shop or big brand) and consult the website http://velo-reparation.fr/.

7.5 End of the assembly

This is the end, **congratulations**! You just need to connect your battery to the controller in order to try out your electric bike.

Just push or gently turn the throttle while pedalling and let's go!

Enjoy the ride :-)

8 Use of the electric bike

8.1 Important recommendation for the kit's use :

Your new electric bike is above all a bike. It is the association of the **muscle power** and **electric power** which will enable you to get a **good output** of your motor and a **good autonomy**.

We strongly recommend **to pedal** when using your bike on flat roads but also and **above all at the start and uphill**. To improve your autonomy, we recommend to :

- · regularly pedal when using your kit
- pedal more strongly at the start, uphill, facing the wind ...
- reduce your speed if the motor forces
- · adapt the choice of sprocket according to the speed and the difference in height
- · disconnect your battery when the bike is at a standstill
- check the tire pressure: under-inflated tires deeply increase the electric consumption and reduce the vehicle's perfomances

Tricks: we recommend the use of a cycle-analyst (with **partial adding-machine** function). With a few tests, it will enable you to measure your autonomy.

The kits must not be used like a scooter: **pedalling regularly is necessary** for the good functionning of the kit.



Regularly check the temperature of the controller in the following cases:

- high speed
- · uphill and/or facing the wind
- during frequent starts
- · if you pull a trailer

If this kit is too strongly sollicited, you may 'burn out' the kit's or the battery's electronics. This kind of use is not covered by the guarantee.

8.2 Maintenance of the kit

There is no maintenance. At the beginning, you can check from time to time that the connexions have not moved.

Important:

- · Regularly check the tightening screws of your motor wheel
- · Check the tension at the spokes
- From time to time make sure the wiring has not moved because of the vibrations
- Check the forks' ends if the motor is at the front

8.3 Maintenance and use of the battery

Consult the batteries' 'Use guide' for use and run-in process.



- · Disconnect the battery when the bike is at a standstill
- · Disconnect the battery during the charge
- Keep the battery protected from dampness, cold and rain
- Charge the battery in a clear and ventilated space (do not cover the battery during the charge)
- Let the battery charge (until the green light is stable)

Trick: To protect your battery, do not discharge it completely: stop at 90% of its capacity, for example 55km if the maximum autonomy is 60km.

8.4 IMPORTANT: what you should never do!

Do not force the motor uselessly: if your bike can not go up a steep hill even if you are pedalling, there is no need to insist. You may overheat the electronics part of **the kit** or **the battery**. In that case, do not hesitate to walk and push your bike.

Do not hose down or use a Karcher© to wash the elements of the electric kit: motor, accessories and battery. Use a damp sponge and use a dry cloth.



The guarantee does not cover an abnormal or non-conform use of the products: competition, research, <u>use with assistance like a motorbike or a scooter, forced use uphill ...</u>



The use of handmade batteries is not covered by the guarantee.

For more information, please consult:

http://www.cycloboost.com/velo-electrique/

9 Analysis of the failures (keep this document with your bike)

9.1 The different failure cases

9.1.1 The bike does not start, the controller is mute, no bip:

- Check the tension of the battery
- Make sure the power really comes to the controller
 - You should hear a little sound coming from the horn
- Check the connections at the level of the controller. Sometimes, some connections are not enough pushed in during the wiring process.
- Check the connections at the level of the battery
- Check the battery fuse and replace it if need be
- Check the connection of the power brake handles

If this did not help you to identify the failure, before contacting the after-sales service, you can use your bike if you disconnect, at the level of the controller: the connector with 6 pins and 3 big phases threads: the yellow, green and blue threads.

9.1.2 The controller utters one or several bips :

1 long bip: the controller overheats

When the controller overheats, it cuts the power in order to protect itself.

What you need to do:

- disconnect the battery
- ventilate the controller
- wait a few minutes before starting again and do not force the motor
 - 2 short bips : check the connection of the connector with 6 pins

When the controller notices a malfunction of the hall sensor of the motor, it utters 2 loud bips, then it enters in 'save mode' (without the hall sensors)

Turn the shifter to start the motor. It may be necessary to pedal to start the motor if it does not start immediately.

- 4 short bips: check the connection of the power brake handles
- **5 short bips :** the controller is out of order (get in touch with the after-sales service)

9.1.3 Others malfunctions

Malfunctions of the security while braking :

Disconnect the power brake handles (blue connector), report the anomaly to the after-sales service (see following paragraph §5.2).

Unknown malfunctions :

If the electric assistance of your bike does not work (unknown reason), you can try to force the controller into save mode :

- Grasp both brake levers
- Push the cruise control's red button 5 times

You will hear a loud bip.

Then, you can use your bike at half its maximum speed if you push the red button of the cruise control.

To put the controller back into normal mode, you have to disconnect and connect again the battery as soon as the problem is solved.